# VUD: 2-way flanged valve, PN 6 (pn.)

### How energy efficiency is improved

Efficient use in continuous control systems

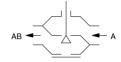
#### **Features**

- Continuous control of cold and hot water in closed circuits1)
- · Water quality as per VDI 2035
- In combination with AVP 242 valve actuators as control unit
- · Not suitable for steam or drinking water
- · Valve with flange connection as per EN 1092-2, seal form B
- · Regulating valve, free of silicone grease, painted black
- · The valve is closed when the spindle is moved out
- · Closing against the pressure
- · Valve body and seat made of grey cast iron
- · Stainless-steel spindle
- · Plug made of brass with glass-fibre reinforced PTFE sealing ring
- · Stuffing box made of brass with wiper ring and double O-ring seal made of EPDM



VUD032F300





#### **Technical data**

Parameters					
		Nominal pressure	PN 6		
		Connection	Flange as per EN 1092-2, form B		
		Valve characteristic, control passage F200	Linear		
		Valve characteristic, control passage F300	Equal-percentage		
		Control ratio of valve	> 50:1		
		2 EPDM O-rings			
		Leakage rate	≤ 0.05% of k <sub>vs</sub> value		
		Valve stroke	8 mm		
Ambient condition	ons				
7 tribione conduct	5110	Operating temperature <sup>2)</sup>	-10150 °C		
		Operating pressure	Up to 120 °C; 6 bar		
			At 150 °C; 5.4 bar		
			Between 120 °C and 150 °C, a linear		
			interpolation can be performed		
Standards and o	directives				
		Pressure and temperature data	EN 764, EN 1333		
		Flow parameters	EN 60534 (page 3)		
		Pressure Equipment Directive	97/23/EC (fluid group II) No CE label, article 3.3		
Overview of ty	rpes				
Туре	Nominal diameter	k <sub>vs</sub> value	Weight		
VUD015F320	DN 15	1.6 m³/h	3.2 kg		
VUD015F310	DN 15	2.5 m³/h	3.2 kg		
VUD015F300	DN 15	4 m³/h	3.2 kg		
VUD020F300	DN 20	6.3 m³/h	4.1 kg		
VUD025F300	DN 25	10 m³/h	4.7 kg		
VUD032F300	DN 32	16 m³/h	7.3 kg		
			0.01		
VUD040F300	DN 40	22 m³/h	8.6 kg		
VUD040F300 VUD050F300	DN 40 DN 50	22 m³/h 28 m³/h	8.6 кg 11.2 kg		

<sup>1)</sup> Air humidity must not exceed 75%



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> At temperatures below 0 °C, use stuffing-box heater. Use adaptor (accessory) at temperatures above 100 °C

Accessories	
Туре	Description
0372240001	Manual adjustment for valves with 8 mm stroke
0372249001	Adaptor required when temperature of the medium is 100130 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (recommended for temperatures < 10 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) DN 1550
0372249002	Adaptor required when temperature of the medium is >130 up to 150 °C, DN 1550
0378284100	Stuffing box heater 230V~, 15 W for medium below 0 °C
0378284102	Stuffing box heater 24V~, 15 W for medium below 0 °C
0378368001	Complete replacement stuffing box for DN 1550

#### Combination of VUD with pneumatic actuator

- Warranty: The technical data and pressure differences indicated here are applicable only in combination with SAUTER valve actuators. The warranty does not apply if used with valve actuators from other manufacturers.
- **Definition of**  $\Delta p_s$ : Maximum admissible pressure drop in the event of a malfunction (pipe break after the valve) at which the actuator reliably closes the valve by means of a return spring.
- **Definition of**  $\Delta p$  max: Maximum admissible pressure drop in control mode at which the actuator reliably opens and closes the valve.
- The running time is based on the centair air flow rate (400  $I_n/h$ ) and on a supply line with a length of 20 m and a diameter of 4 mm.

### Combination of VUD with pneumatic actuator AVP 242

Actuator	AVP242F001
Admissible pres- sure p <sub>stat</sub>	≤ 6 bar
Running time	8 s

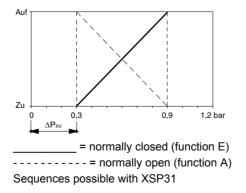
#### ∆p [bar]

Closes against the pressure	$\Delta p_{max}$	$\Delta p_{S}$		
VUD015F320 VUD015F310 VUD015F300 VUD020F300 VUD025F300 VUD032F300	6.0	6.0		
VUD040F300	4.0	4.0		
VUD050F300 VUD050F200	2.5	2.5		
Cannot be used to close with the pressure				

At temperatures above 100°C, accessories are required

### Pressure-stroke characteristic (with valve attached), characteristic not adjustable:

AVP242



### **Description of operation**

The valve can be moved to any intermediate position with a pneumatic actuator. When the spindle is moved out, the control passage of the valve is closed. The valves may only be used closing against pressure. The flow direction marked on the valve must be observed. Closing with pressure is not permitted with pneumatic actuators, because this would cause pressure surges. The flow parameters correspond to EN 60534.

#### Closing against the pressure



These control valves are characterised by their reliability and precision and make an important contribution towards environmentally friendly regulation. They meet challenges such as emergency functions, overcoming differential pressures, controlling medium temperatures and performing the shut-off function, all in a low-noise form.

The valve spindle is automatically and firmly connected to the actuator spindle. The brass plug controls the equal-percentage flow rate in the control passage. The tightness of the valve is ensured by the seat incorporated in the body.

The stuffing box is maintenance-free. This consists of a brass body, two O-rings, a wiper ring and a grease reserve. This is free of silicone grease, and silicone oil may not be used for the spindle. The grease reserve stops particles that may be present in the medium from penetrating to the upper Oring.

#### Intended use

This product is only suitable for the purpose intended by the manufacturer, as described in the "Description of operation" section.

All related product documents must also be adhered to. Changing or converting the product is not admissible.

### **Engineering and fitting notes**

The actuator is mounted directly on the valve and fastened with screws. The actuator is connected with the valve spindle automatically. The closing point must be adjusted as described in the fitting instructions (MV 506012 AVP 242).

### Additional technical data

Technical information	
Pressure and temperature data	EN 764, EN 1333
Fluidic parameters	VDI/VDE 2173
SAUTER slide rule for valve sizing	P100013496
Parameters, fitting notes, control, general information	Applicable EN, DIN, AD, TRD and UVV regulations
Fitting instructions:	
DN 1550	MV 506008
AVP 242 F001	MV 506041
Declaration on materials and the environment	MD 76.110

### Fitting position

The control unit can be fitted in any position, but the hanging position is not recommended. Condensate, drops of water, etc. must be prevented from entering the actuator. When installed horizontally, without any structural support for the actuator, the maximum weight on the valve is 25 kg. When the actuator is mounted on the valve, make sure that the plug is not twisted on the seat (this may damage the sealing surface). When insulating the valve, it may only be insulated up to the connecting clip of the actuator.

### Using with steam

The valves may not be used for steam applications.

# Using with water

So that impurities are retained in the water (welding beads, rust particles, etc.) and the spindle seal is not damaged, we recommend installing collecting filters, for example one for each floor or pipe run.

> Water requirements according to VDI 2035. When using an additive in the water, the compatibility of the materials must be checked with the manufacturer of the medium. The materials table shown below may be used. When glycol is used, we recommend using a concentration of between 20% and 55%.

### Other information regarding hydraulics and noise in systems

The valves can be used in a low-noise environment. To prevent noise, the pressure differences  $\Delta p_{\text{max}}$ listed below should not be exceeded.

The pressure difference  $\Delta p_{max}$  is the maximum pressure that may act on the valve regardless of the stroke position, in order that the risk of cavitation and erosion is limited. These values are irrespective of the actuator force. The cavitation accelerates wear on the plug and seat in the valve and causes noises. To prevent cavitation, the differential pressure should not exceed the value  $\Delta p_{krit}$ :

 $\Delta p_{krit} = (p1 - pv) \times 0.5$ 

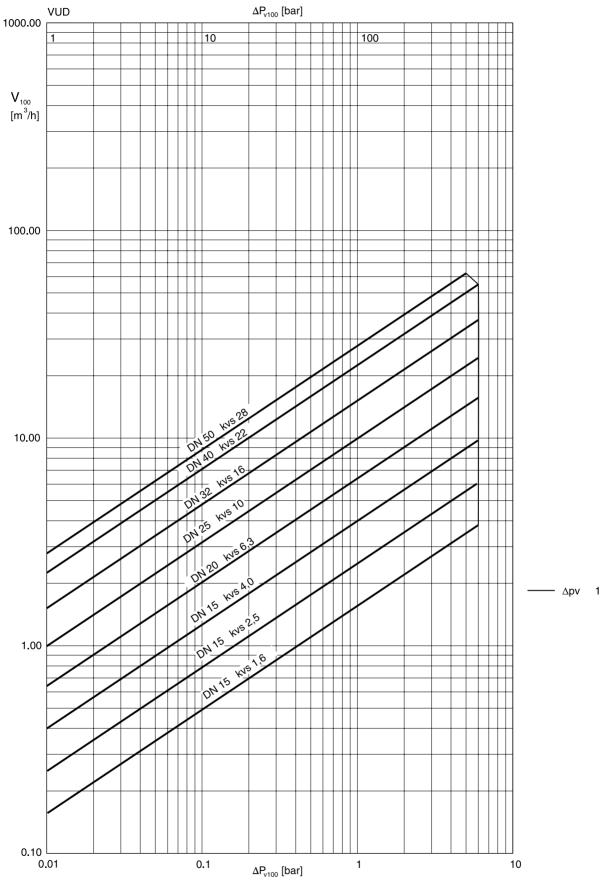
p1 = upstream pressure before the valve (bar)

pv = steam pressure at operating temperature (bar)

The calculation works with absolute pressure.

Note that when the pressure difference  $\Delta p_{\text{max}}$  is exceeded, the valve can be damaged by cavitation and erosion. For the spring return, the stated  $\Delta p_s$  values are also the permissible differential pressure up to which the actuator can guarantee that the valve is closed in the event of an incident. Because this is a safety function with a fast stroke movement (using a spring), this value can exceed  $\Delta p_{max}$ .

### Flow-rate chart



1: Against the pressure

Туре	$\Delta p_{V}$
	Against the pressure
VUD 015 F320	6
VUD 015 F310	6
VUD 015 F300	6
VUD 020 F300	6
VUD 025 F300	6
VUD 032 F300	6
VUD 040 F300	6
VUD 050 F	5

#### **Additional version information**

Valve body made of grey cast iron as per EN 1563, code EN-GJL-250, material number EN-JL 1040 with smooth drilled flanges as per EN 1092-2, seal form B. Valve body RAL 9005 jet black. Recommended for the welding flange as per EN 1092-2. Valve fitting length as per EN 558-1, basic series 1. Flat seal on valve body made of asbestos-free material.

### Material numbers as per DIN

	DIN material no.	DIN designation			
Valve body	EN-JL 1040	EN-GJL-250 (GG25)			
Valve seat	EN-JL 1040	EN-GJL-250			
Spindle	1.4305	X 8 Cr Ni S 18-9			
Plug	CW 617 W	CuZn40Pb2			
Plug seal	PTFE				
Stuffing box	CW 617 W	CuZn40Pb2			

#### Additional details on the definitions of pressure difference

#### $\Delta p_v$ :

Maximum admissible pressure difference over the valve in each stroke position, limited by noise level and erosion.

This parameter characterises the valve as a flow element with specific hydraulic behaviour. Monitoring the cavitation and erosion along with the associated noise increases the service life and the operational capacity.

### $\Delta p_{max}$ :

Maximum admissible pressure difference over the valve at which the actuator can reliably open and close the valve.

This takes account of: Static pressure and flow effects. This value ensures trouble-free stroke movement and closing of the valve. The value  $\Delta p_v$  of the valve is never exceeded.

### $\Delta p_s$ :

Maximum admissible pressure difference over the valve in the event of a malfunction (e.g. power failure, excessive temperature or pressure, pipe break) at which the actuator can close the valve tightly and, if necessary, maintain the entire operating pressure against atmospheric pressure. Because this is a safety function with a rapid stroke movement,  $\Delta p_s$  can be greater than  $\Delta p_{max}$  or  $\Delta p_v$ . The disruptive flow effects that arise here are quickly passed through and are of minor importance in this mode. For 3-way valves, the values only apply to the control passage.

#### $\Delta p_{stat}$ :

Line pressure behind the valve. This essentially corresponds to the dormant pressure when the pump is switched off, for example caused by the fluid level in the system, increased pressure due to pressure tanks, steam pressure, etc.

On valves that close under pressure, the static pressure plus the pump pressure must be used.

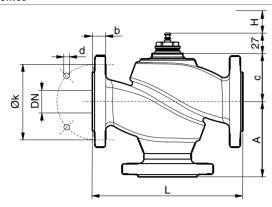
### Disposal

When disposing of the product, observe the currently applicable local laws.

More information on materials can be found in the Declaration on materials and the environment for this product.

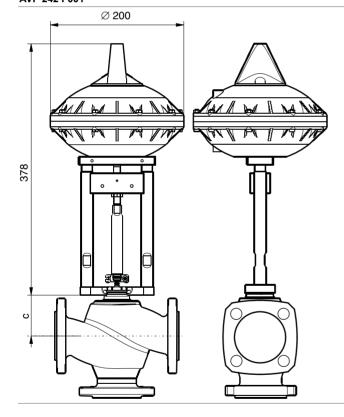
# **Dimension drawings**

## DN 15...50

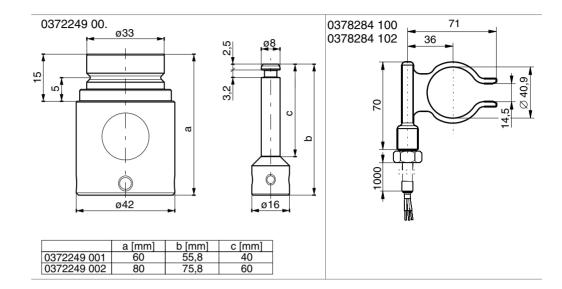


VUD, BUD	DN	Α	С	L	Н	k	d	b
015	15	70	41,5	130	8	55	11 x 4	14
020	20	75	48	150	8	65	11 x 4	16
025	25	80	54,5	160	8	75	11 x 4	16
032	32	95	60,5	180	8	90	14 x 4	18
040	40	100	70,5	200	8	100	14 x 4	18
050	50	115	71	230	8	110	14 x 4	20

# AVP 242 F001



### Accessories



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